Green Infrastructure Champions Program

This program is partially funded by the Rutgers New Jersey Agricultural Experiment Station, The Geraldine R. Dodge Foundation, NJ Sea Grant Consortium, The William Penn Foundation and is a collaboration of the Rutgers Cooperative Extension Water Resources Program and the Green Infrastructure Subcommittee of Jersey Water Works.







Please enter your full name and affiliation in the chat. This is how will take attendance.





Green Infrastructure Champion Training: Part 2 "Moving from planning to implementation of green infrastructure"

January 28, 2022 Virtual Class



New Jersey Agricultural Experiment Station



Remember

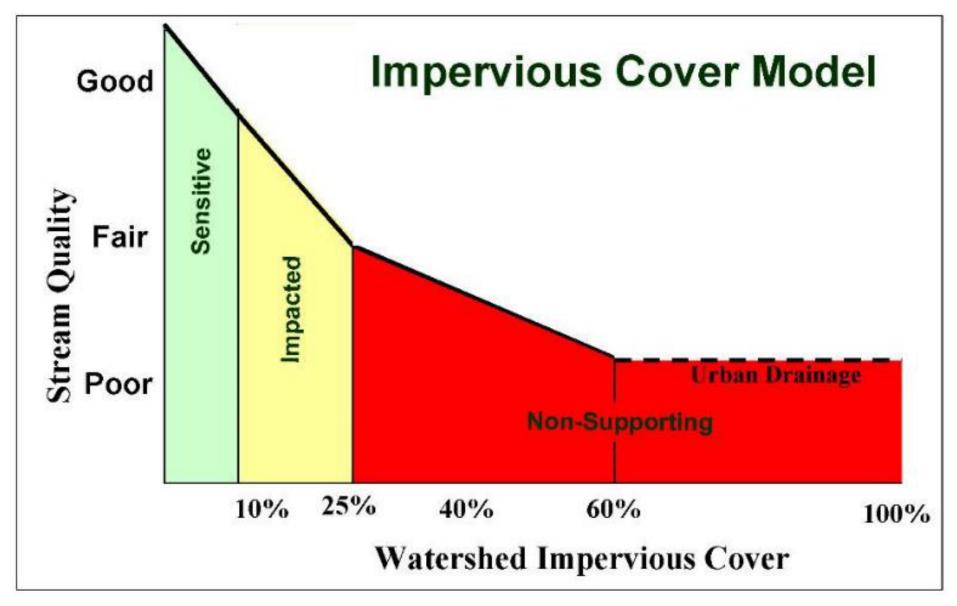


It is all about controlling runoff from impervious surfaces





What does the science say about impervious surfaces?

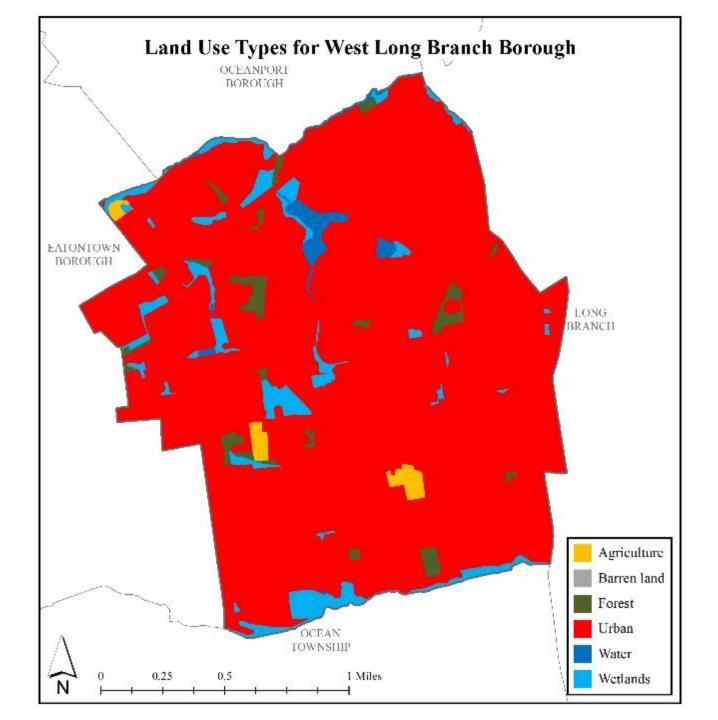


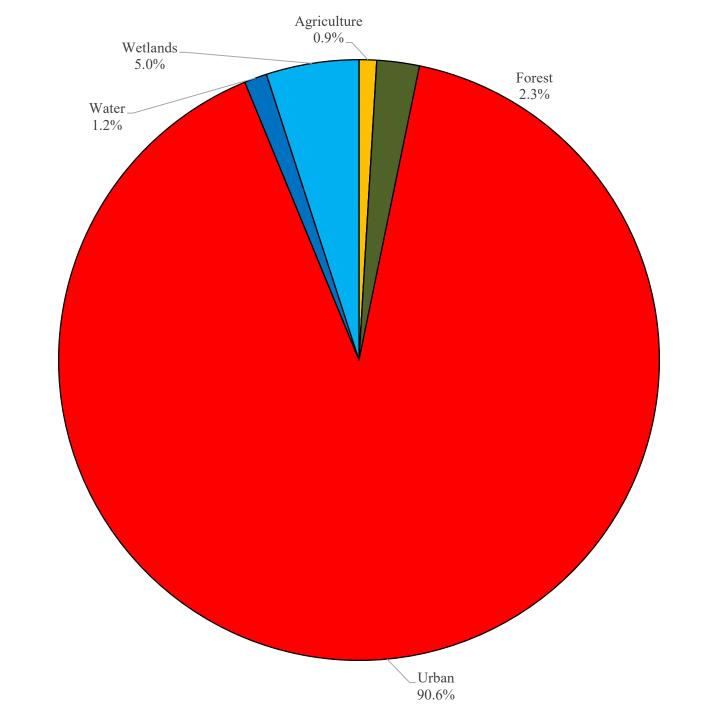
Reference: Tom Schueler and Lisa Fraley-McNeal, Symposium on Urbanization and Stream Ecology, May 23 and 24, 2008

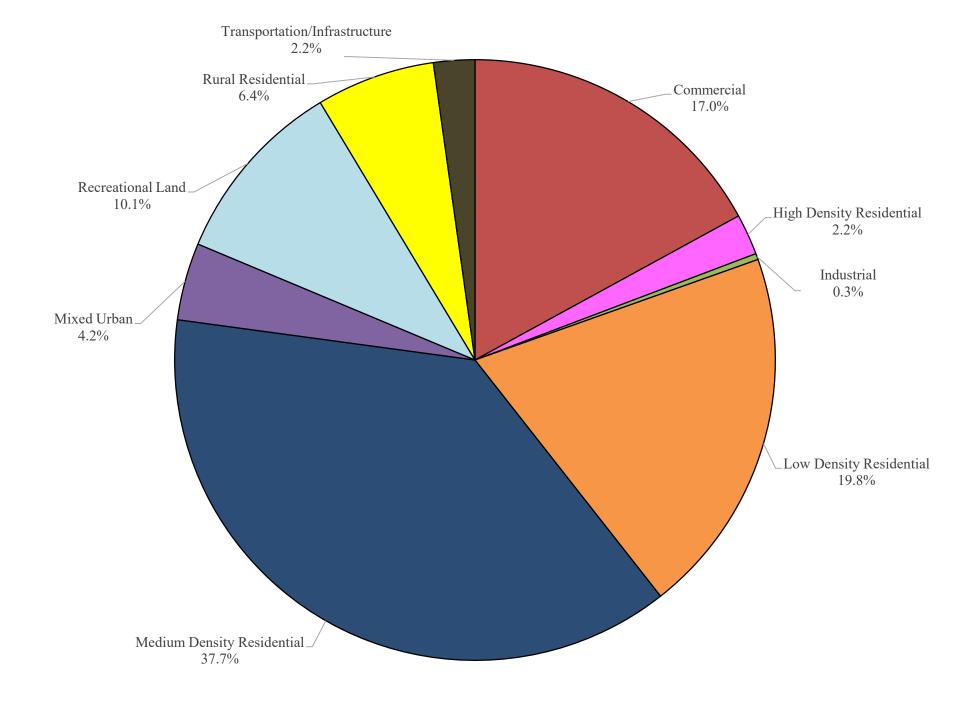
IMPERVIOUS COVER ASSESSMENTS (ICAS)

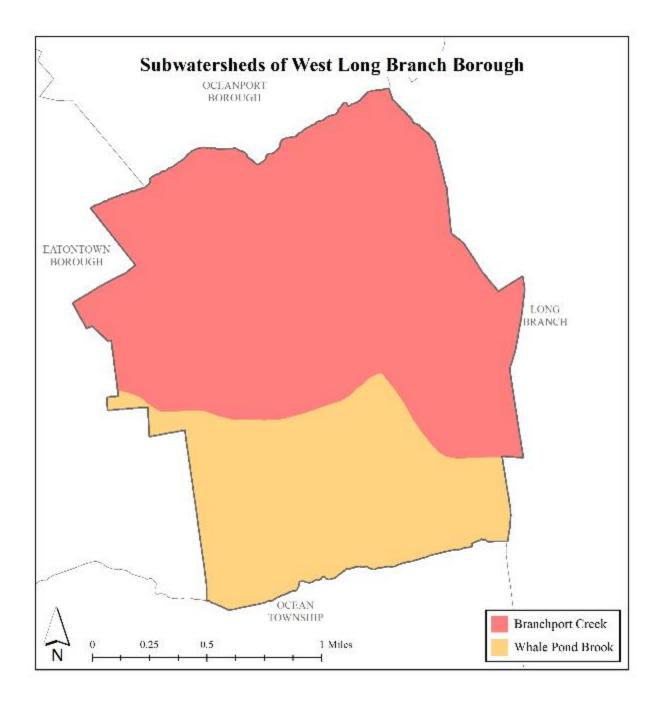
Impervious Cover Assessment

- Scare the hell out of the municipality
- Analysis completed by watershed and by municipality
- Use 2015 land use data to determine impervious cover
- Calculate runoff volumes for water quality, 2-, 10- and 100-year design storm and annual rainfall
- Contains three concept designs









Watershed	Total Area (ac)	Impervious Cover (ac)	%
Branchport Creek	1,258	436	35.3%
Whale Pond Brook	596	156	26.2%
Total	1,854	592	32.3%

Subwatershe d	NJ Water Quality Storm (MGal)	Annual Rainfall of 44'' (MGal)	2-Year Design Storm (3.3") (MGal)	10-Year Design Storm (5.0") (MGal)	100-Year Design Storm (8.2") (MGal)
Branchport Creek	15	521	40	62	105
Whale Pond Brook	5	186	14	22	38
Total	20	707	55	84	143

WE LOOK HERE FIRST:

- ✓ Schools
- ✓Houses of Worship
- ✓Libraries
- ✓Municipal Building
- ✓Public Works
- ✓ Firehouses
- ✓Post Offices
- ✓ Elks or Moose Lodge
- ✓Parks/ Recreational Fields

- 20 to 40 sites are entered into a PowerPoint
- Site visits are conducted

West Long Branch Borough Impervious Cover Assessment West Long Branch Community Center, 116 Locust Avenue

PROJECT LOCATION:



BIORETENTION SYSTEMS: Rain gardens will be used to reduce sediment and nutrient loading to the local waterway and increase groundwater recharge. This site has multiple areas where downspouts can be disconnected, and rain gardens implemented.

RAINWATER HARVESTING SYSTEM: Rainwater can be harvested from the roof of the building and stored in a cistern. The water can be used for gardening and landscaping around the community center.

3 EDUCATIONAL PROGRAM: The RCE Water Resources Program, Stormwater Management in Your Schoolyard, can be delivered at West Long Branch Community Center to educate township residents about stormwater management and engage them in designing and building the bioretention systems.



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RUTGERS





RAINWATER HARVESTING SYSTEM



EDUCATIONAL PROGRAM

B



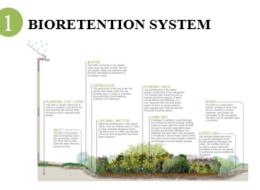
West Long Branch Borough Impervious Cover Assessment *West Long Branch Home Security Alarm Systems, 185 NJ-36*

PROJECT LOCATION:



BIORETENTION SYSTEM: A rain garden can be used to reduce sediment and nutrient loading to the local waterway and increase groundwater recharge. This site has a turf grass area where a rain garden can be built to catch runoff from the parking lot.

BIOSWALE: A bioswale is a vegetated system that conveys stormwater while removing sediment and nutrients. It can be installed in the eroded canal.



BIOSWALE

SITE PLAN:









West Long Branch Borough Impervious Cover Assessment Betty McElmon Elementary School, 20 Parker Road

PROJECT LOCATION:





BIORETENTION SYSTEM: A rain garden can be used to reduce sediment and nutrient loading to the local waterway and increase groundwater recharge. This site has an area where downspouts can be disconnected, and a rain garden implemented.

RAINWATER HARVESTING SYSTEM: Rainwater can be harvested from the roof of the building and stored in a cistern. The water can be used for gardening and landscaping around the school.

PERVIOUS PAVEMENT: Portions of the northwest parking lot can be converted to pervious pavement. This can allow for infiltration of runoff from the parking lot.

EDUCATIONAL PROGRAM: The RCE Water Resources Program, Stormwater Management in Your Schoolyard, can be 4 delivered at Betty McElmon Elementary School to educate the students about stormwater management and engage them in designing and building the bioretention systems.

BIORETENTION SYSTEM











Calculation Runoff Volumes from Impervious Surfaces

Storms to consider:

- NJ Water Quality Storm (WQS) = 1.25" of rain over two hours
- 2-year design storm = 3.3" of rain over 24 hours
- 10-year design storm = 5.1" of rain over 24 hours
- 100-year design storm = 8.6" of rain over 24 hours
- Total annual rainfall = 44" to 46" of rain per year
- Design storms are different for every county in NJ

The Formula

Drainage area in square feet x rainfall total in feet = volume of water in cubic feet

How much water runs off a 1,000 square-foot driveway during the NJ Water Quality Storm?

- Water Quality Storm is 1.25" = 0.1 ft of rain
- $1,000 \text{ ft}^2 \ge 0.1 \text{ ft} = 100 \text{ ft}^3$

7.48 gallons of water in one cubic foot (ft³)

 $100 \text{ ft}^3 = 748 \text{ gallons of water}$

How much runoff on an annual basis from the driveway?

Annual rainfall total is 45" = 3.75 ft of rain

 $1,000 \text{ ft}^2 \times 3.75 \text{ ft} = 3,750 \text{ ft}^3$

 $3,750 \text{ ft}^3 \times 7.48 \text{ gallons/ft}^3 = 28,050 \text{ gallons}$

How big does a rain garden need to be to treat runoff from my driveway?

1,000 square-foot driveway for the NJ Water Quality Storm

 $1,000 \text{ ft}^2 \ge 0.1 \text{ ft} = 100 \text{ ft}^3 \text{ of runoff}$

Let's make the rain garden 6 inches deep

100 ft³ / 0.5 ft = 200 ft² or 20 ft x 10 ft x 6 inches

Let's make the rain garden 3 inches deep

100 ft³ / 0.25 ft = 400 ft² or 20 ft x 20 ft x 3 inches

What about climate change?

- Let's overdesign to account for more intense storms
- Instead of 1.25" we will use 1.50" = 0.125 ft

Back to our example:

 $1,000 \text{ ft}^2 \ge 0.125 \text{ ft} = 125 \text{ ft}^3 \text{ of runoff}$

Let's make the rain garden 6 inches deep

125 ft³ / 0.5 ft = 250 ft² or 25 ft x 10 ft x 6 inches

Let's make the rain garden 3 inches deep

125 ft³ / 0.25 ft = 500 ft² or 25 ft x 20 ft x 3 inches

We will learn how to design a rain garden in our Green Infrastructure Champions class on April 8 and more on climate change on May 20

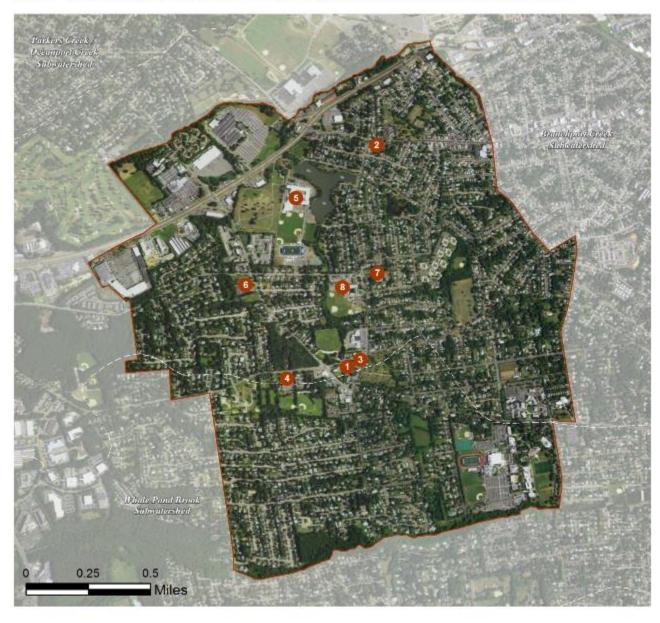
IMPERVIOUS COVER REDUCTION ACTION PLAN

(RAP)

Impervious Cover Reduction Action Plan

- A comprehensive document with many opportunities for green infrastructure
- A living document
- Shovel ready projects
- Projects for all ages (youth to seniors)
- Provides mitigation opportunities for developers
- Site level analysis

WEST LONG BRANCH BOROUGH: GREEN INFRASTRUCTURE SITES



SITES WITHIN THE BRANCHPORT CREEK SUBWATERSHED:

- 1. Frank Antonides Elementary School
- 2. Lutheran Church Reformation
- 3. Old First United Methodist Church
- 4. Saint Jerome's Catholic Church and School
- 5. Shore Regional High School
- 6. Sovereign Bank
- 7. West Long Branch Community Center
- 8. West Long Branch Public School

FRANK ANTONIDES ELEMENTARY SCHOOL



Subwatershed:	Branchport Creek
Site Area:	107,870 sq. ft.
Address:	198-208 Wall Street West Long Branch, NJ 07764
Block and Lot:	Block 20, Lot 13, 15



Parking spots can be replaced with pervious pavement to capture and infiltrate parking lot and roof runoff. A cistern can be installed adjacent to the building to harvest rainwater that can be used to conduct car wash fundraisers. A preliminary soil assessment suggests that the soils have suitable drainage characteristics for green infrastructure.

Impervio	ous Cover		sting Loads f vious Cover		Runoff Volume from Impervious Cover (Mgal)		
%	sq. ft.	TP	TN	TSS	For the 1.25" Water Quality Storm	For an Annual Rainfall of 44"	
56	60,568	2.9	30.6	278.1	0.047	1.66	

Recommended Green Infrastructure Practices	Recharge Potential (Mgal/vr)	TSS Removal Potential (lbs/yr)	Maximum Volume Reduction Potential (gal/storm)	Peak Discharge Reduction Potential (cu. ft./second)	Estimated Size (sq. ft.)	Estimated Cost	
Pervious pavements	0.238	40	18,057	0.49	2,340	\$58,500	
Rainwater harvesting systems	0.036	6	1,000	0.08	1,000 (gal)	\$2,000	

GREEN INFRASTRUCTURE RECOMMENDATIONS





Frank Antonides Elementary School

disconnected downspouts
 pervious pavements
 rainwater harvesting
 drainage areas
 property line
 2012 Aerial: NJOIT, OGIS
 25' 50'

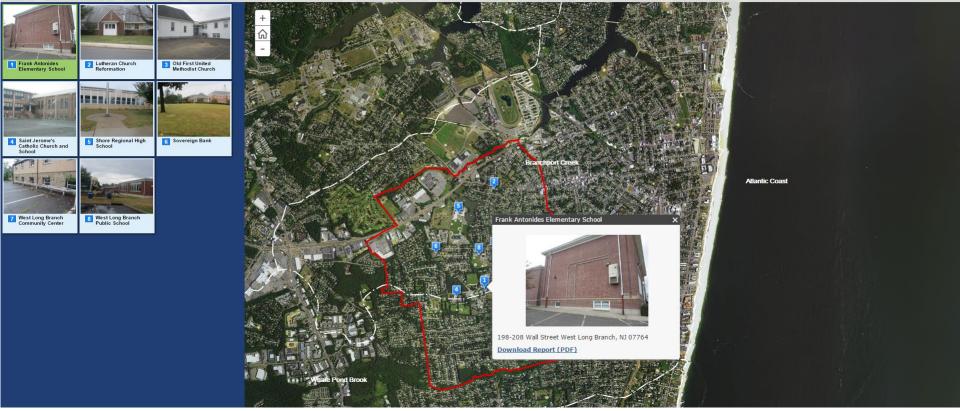
West Long Branch Borough





West Long Branch Borough



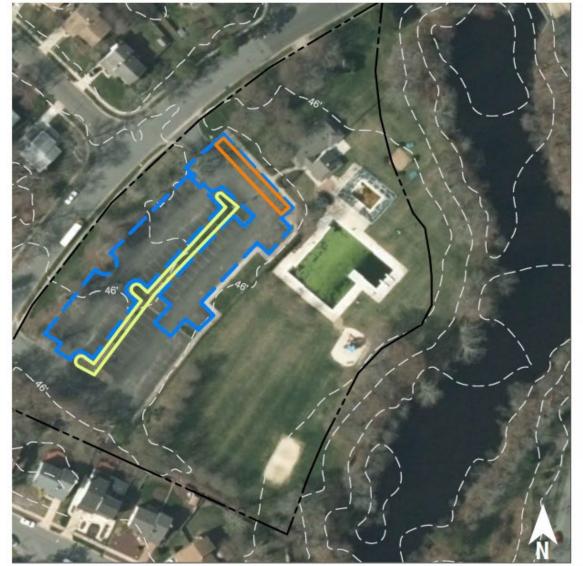


GREEN INFRASTRUCTURE FEASIBILITY STUDIES

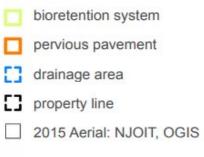
Green Infrastructure Feasibility Study

- A high-end visual presentation of opportunities
- Provides green infrastructure overview
- Incorporates ICA and RAP information
- User-friendly format









0'	50'	100'
_	and the second se	

100 Lakeside Drive Marlton, NJ 08053

BARTON RUN SWIM CLUB



Stormwater is currently directed to an existing catch basin. Installing rain gardens in the parking lot islands can capture, treat, and infiltrate stormwater runoff from the parking lot. Replacing parking spaces with porous pavement can capture and infiltrate runoff from the other side of the parking lot. A preliminary soil assessment suggests that more soil testing would be required before determining the soil's suitability for green infrastructure.

Impervious C	over		oads from In Cover (Ibs/yr)	ds from Impervious ver (lbs/yr) Runoff Volume from Impervious Cover (l			er (Mgal)		
%	sq. ft.	TP	TN	TSS	From the 1.25" Water Quality Storm 0.040			For an Annual Rainfall of 44"	
30	51,770	2.5	26.1	237.7			1.42		
Recommended Infrastructure Practices	Recharge Potential (Mgal/yr)	TSS Removal Potential (lbs/yr)	Reduction Potential Reduc		Peak Discharge Reduction Potential (cu. ft./second)	Estimated Size (sq. ft.)		Estimated Cost	
Bioretention systems	0.288	48	21,834		0.82	2,76		\$13,825	
Pervious pavement	0.352	59	26,651		1.00 2,41		10	\$60,250	

CURRENT CONDITION



BARTON RUN SWIM CLUB

100 Lakeside Drive Marlton, NJ 08053

CONCEPT DESIGN



BARTON RUN SWIM CLUB

100 Lakeside Drive Marlton, NJ 08053



- Impervious Cover Assessment (ICA) = ICA (5 points)
- Impervious Cover Reduction Action Plan (RAP) = Green Infrastructure Action Plan (5 points)
- Green Infrastructure Feasibility Study = Green Infrastructure Strategic Plan (10 points)

GET YOUR SUSTAINABLE JERSEY POINTS !

IMPLEMENT A GREEN INFRASTRUCTURE PROJECT

Funding Implementation

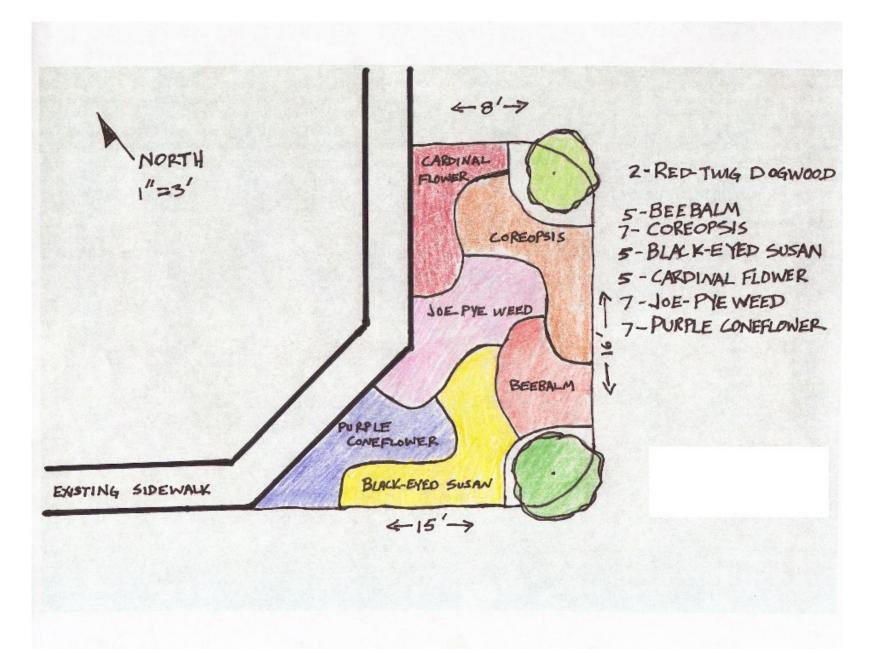
- Leverage existing projects
- Build partnerships
- Write grants

What do things cost?

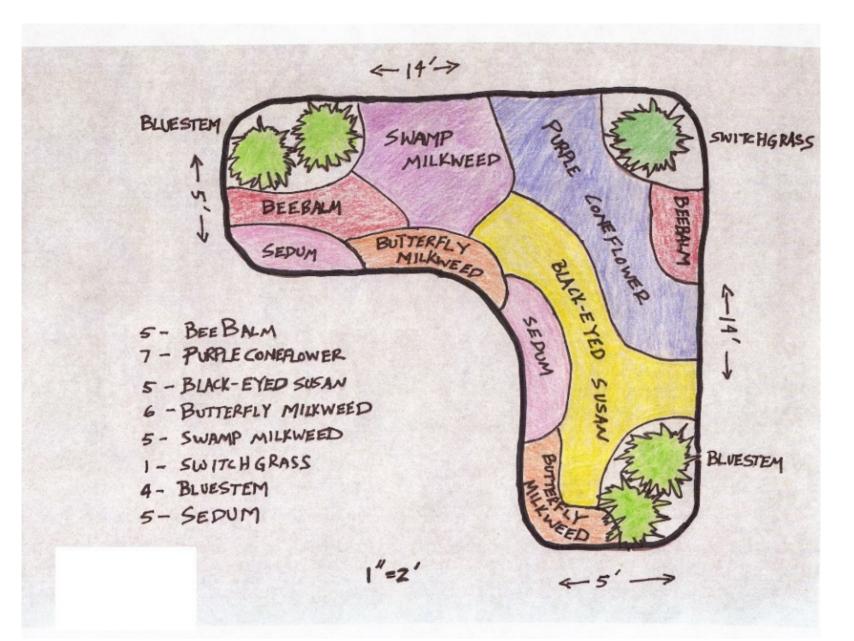
Design Costs

- What level of design is needed?
 - 1. Simple sketch
 - 2. Single sheet engineering drawing
 - 3. Full engineering drawing set (3 to 5 sheets)
 - 4. Construction specifications and bid documents
- Do you need a rendering?

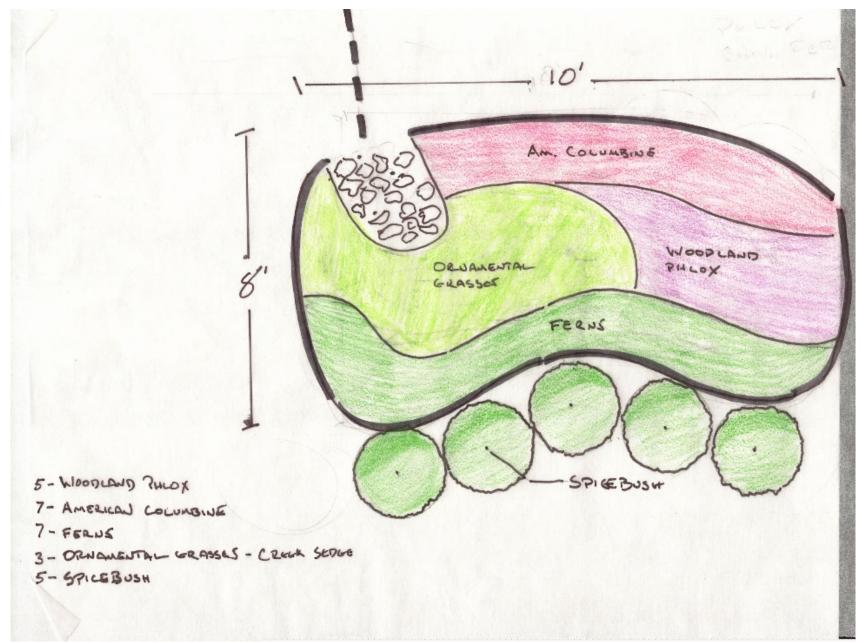
Simple Design



Simple Design

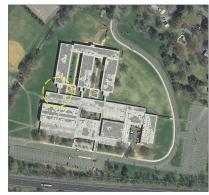


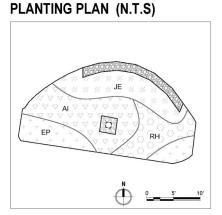
Simple Design



Single Sheet Engineering Drawing

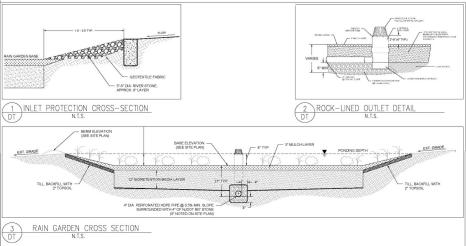
LOCATION MAP (N.T.S)

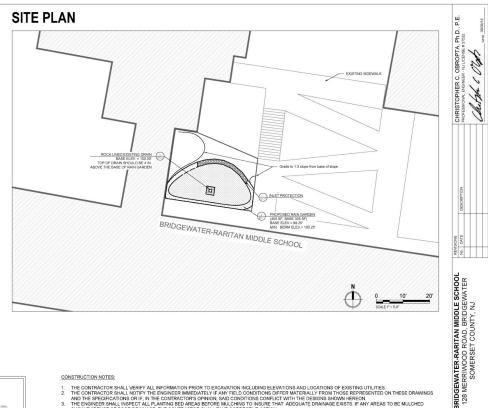




PLANTING SCHEDULE						
	PLANT SPECIES			QUANTITY	SIZE	
TYPE KEY		BOTANICAL NAME	COMMON NAME	QUANTIT	SIZE	
		RAIN	GARDEN			
PERENNIALS	AI	Asclepias incarnata	SWAMP MILKWEED	25	1 QUART	
	EP	Echinacea purpurea	PURPLE CONEFLOWER	15	1 QUART	
	JE	Juncus effasus	SOFT RUSH	20	1 QUART	
	RH	Rudbeckia hirta	BLACKEYED SUSANS	15	1 QUART	

DETAILS





CONSTRUCTION NOTES

- THE CONTRACTOR SHALL VERIFY ALL INFORMATION PRIOR TO EXCAVATION INCLUDING ELEVATIONS AND LOCATIONS OF EXISTING UTILITIES THE CONTRACTOR SHALL NOTIFY THE ENGINEER IMMEDIATELY IF ANY FIELD CONDITIONS DIFFER MATERIALLY FROM THOSE REPRESENTED ON THESE DRAWINGS
- THE CONTINGTOR SIDEL NOTIFIT THE EXERCISEMENT MEDIATED IN ANT PIECE CONTINUES OFFEN INFERRED. FROM THOSE BEREBENTED ON THESE ENAMINEMENTS OF THE STRENGT AND T
- THE CONTRACTOR SHALL AVOID DISTURBING ALL EXISTING TREES, ANY DISTURBANCE TO TREES OR TREE ROOTS MUST BE COORDINATED WITH THE PROPERTY OWNER
- UMINENT DIMENSIONS AND SHAPE WILL VARY, REFER TO SITE PLAN. RIVER STONE PROTECTION DIMENSIONS ARE TYPICAL AND MAY VARY PER SITE. CONSULT THE ENGINEER AND SITE PLAN FOR DIMENSIONS ON A PER SITE BASIS. RIVER'S STONE PROTECTION SHALL LOPE TO RAIN AGREEN BASE.
- RIVER OF OTHER PROTECTION OFHILE SUPPORTS AND THE DATE OF AND THE STEP CANNER AND THE STEP PLANFORALL ELEVATIONS AND INVERTS. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL EXCAVATE 12' LOWER THAN THE BASE ELEVATION SHOWN ON THE SITE PLANS. THE SLOPES OF THE RAIN GARDEN SHALL BE AT A 2.1 MINIMUM.
- 10. THE SUBGRADE OF THE RAIN GARDEN SHALL BE LEVEL TO ENSURE PROPER DRAINAGE. CONTRACTOR SHALL OBTAIN ENGINEER APPROVAL PRIOR TO BACKFILLING THE CONTRACTOR SHALL INSTALL OVERFLOW IF SPECIFIED IN SITE PLANS PRIOR TO BACKFILLING WITH BIORETENTION MEDIA.
- THE BIORETENTION LAYER SHALL BE LEVEL TO ENSURE PROPER DRAINAGE. CONTRACTOR SHALL OBTAIN ENGINEER APPROVAL PRIOR TO SPREADING MULCH AND PLANTING.
- INLET AND OUTLET PROTECTION SHALL BE UNDERLAIN WITH GEOTEXTILE FABRIC
- THE CONTRACTOR SHALL THE DEMINISCRIM WITH GOOD EATLE PARKU. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL THLIT HE BERM SECTION AND BACKFILL WITH TOPSOIL. ALL DISTURBED AREAS EXCLUSIVE OF RAIN GARDEN AND SLOPED BERM SHALL BE RESTORED TO ORIGINAL CONDITIONS BY CONTRACTOR. 15.
- THE CONTRACTOR SHALL HAVE A PRE-CONSTRUCTION MEETING WITH THE PROJECT ENGINEER PRIOR TO ANY WORK ON SITE
- 17 ALL ELEVATIONS ARE RELATIVE TO ASSUMED DATUM DRIVEWAY EDGE OF PAVEMENT (100.00')

SPECIFICATIONS

- THE APPROVAL OF MATERIALS AND MIXING OF SAND, COMPOST, AND SOIL SHALL BE DONE UNDER THE SUPERVISION OF THE PROJECT ENGINEER/LANDSCAPE THE APPROVAL OF MALERINGS AND MAINS OF SAND, COMPOST, AND SOIL STALL BE DONE UNDER THE SOPERVISION OF THE PROJECT ENGINEERIDANDSCAPE ARCHITECT, BIORETENTION MEDIA SHALL CONSIST OF 70% SAND AND 30%, COMPOST MIXTURE. SAND SHALL AT THE MINIMUM CONFORM TO THE SIEVE ANALYSIS FOR CONCRETE AGGREGATE SAND (ASTM C-33). USGA TEEIGREEN SIEVE GRADATION MIX IS
- PREFERABLE WHERE AVAILABLE
- UNDERLYNE SONS SINLI BE TILLEDICARIED FRIOT TO SPEADINGAWING O FRIORETENTION MEDIA. ALL BIORTENTION DECID SALL BE TILLEDICARIED FRIOT TO SIDES OF THE BUILDING, AND IN NO EVENT SHALL ANY TRACKED OR WHEELED EQUIPMENT BE PERMITTED TO CROSS THE RAIN GARDEN. RAIN GARDEN SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED TO DIMENSIONS INDICATED ON THE SITE PLAN.

- 35 INCH DELAWARE RIVER STONE SHALL BE USED FOR STONE CHANNEL AND INLET/OUTLET PROTECTION. NON-DYED, TRIPLE-SHREDDED HARDWOOD MULCH SHALL BE USED. PLANTING OF RAIN GARDEN AND LOPED BERM SHALL BE COMPLETED AS INDICATED ON THE SITE PLAN.

SHEET #

P-1

Full Engineering Drawing Set



RAIN GARDEN DEMONSTRATION PROJECT AS-BUILT PLANS 607 INMAN AVENUE, WOODBRIDGE MIDDLESEX COUNTY, NEW JERSEY

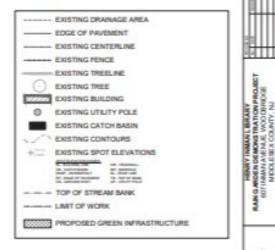
PROJECT DESCRIPTION:

A RAIN GARDEN HAS BEEN DESIGNED AND CONSTRUCTED TO MARAGE STORN WATER RUNOFF FROM THE LIBRARY'S ROOFTOP, EXISTING DOWNSPOUTS ARE DISCONNECTED AND RIPED INTO RAIN GARDEN.

LOCATION MAP:



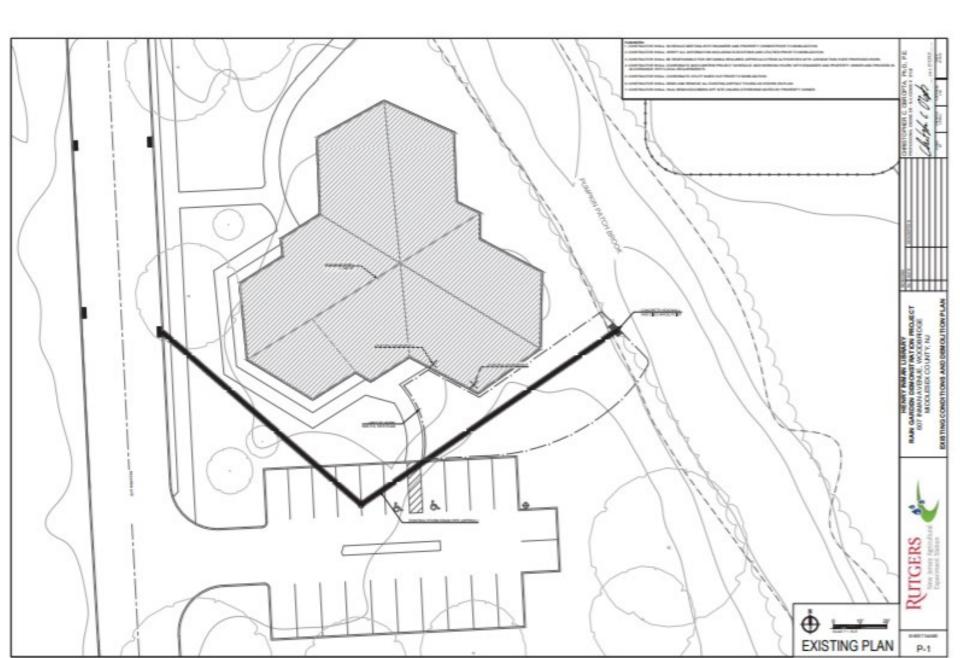
LEGEND:



LIST OF DRAWINGS:

SHEET NAME	TITLE		
COVER	COVER SHEET		
P-1	EXISTING CONDITIONS AND DEMOLITION PLAN		
P-2	AS BUILT SITE PLAN		
P-2	AS BUILT PLANTING PLAN		
D-1	RAIN GARDEN DETAILS		
0-2	PLANTING DETAILS		

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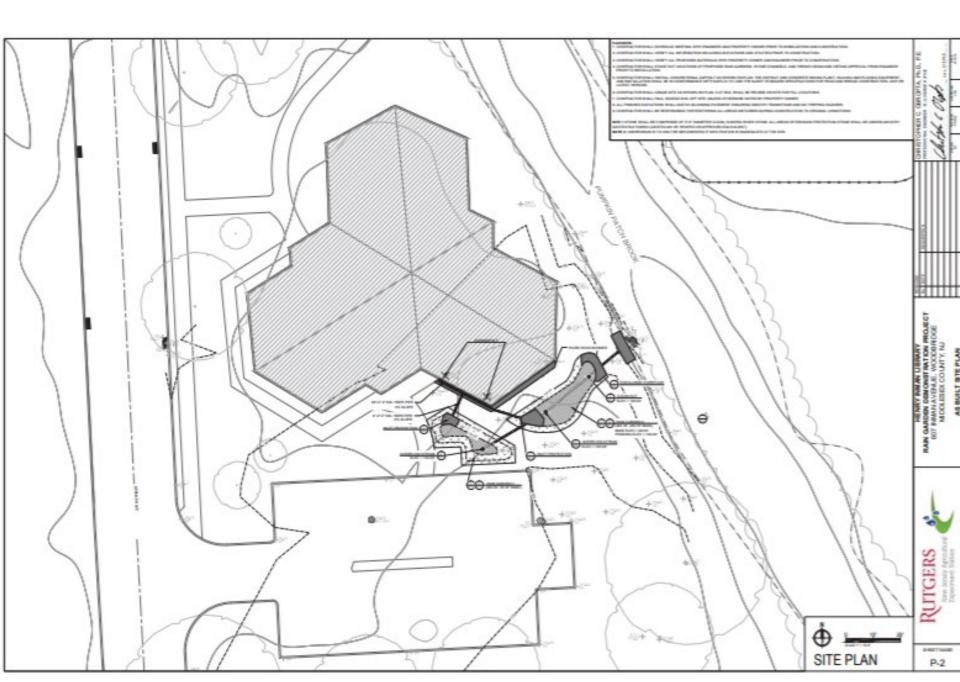
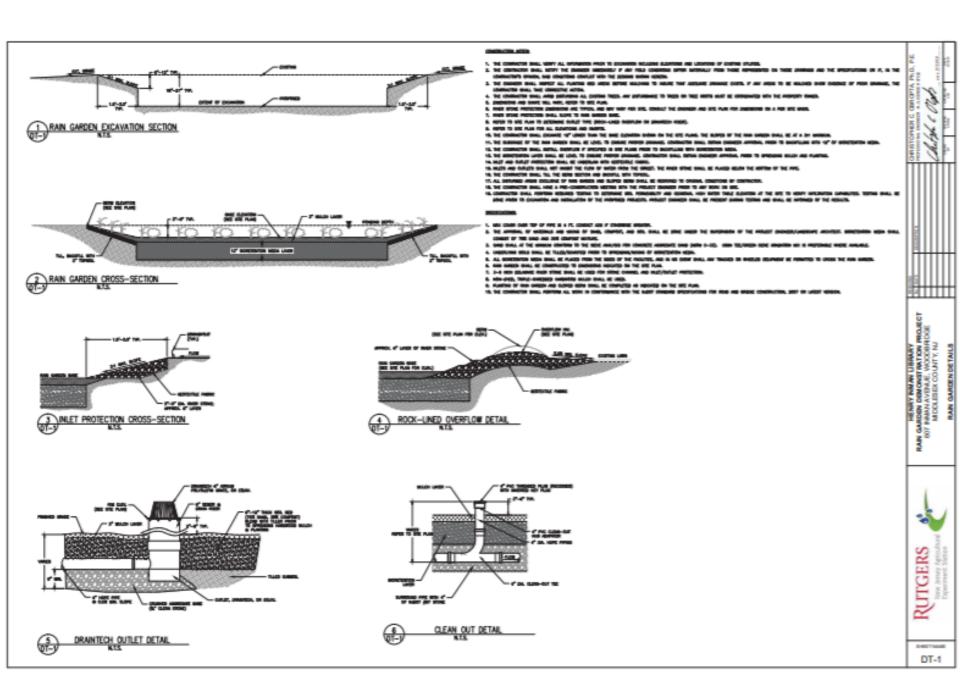
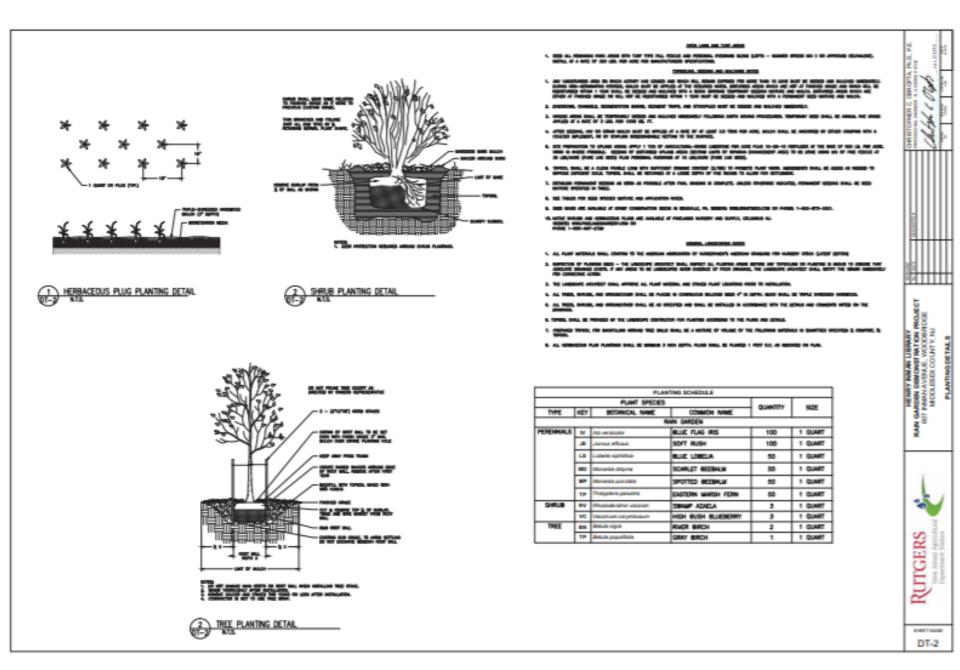


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			BP Betule popu	sifolia	GRAY BIRCH	1	1 QUART	1開
		J,	St.	15		$\langle \rangle$		ANL BRARY NS TRA TOW PROJECT





Back to Costs – Simple Sketch

- Rain Garden Rebate Program (\$5,000 per session)
 - One 45-minute educational session
 - One technical session (5 to 20 simple design sketches created)
- Rain Garden Sketch for individual project
 - Rain Garden Manual (Self-design) (\$0)
 - Rain Garden App (Self-design) (\$0)
 - RCE Water Resources Program (\$500)
- Cistern Design
 - Contractor typically will size the cistern and provide a simple sketch for free

➢RCE Water Resources Program (\$500)

Back to Costs – Single sheet engineering drawing

- RCE Water Resources Program (\$750 to \$1,000)
- Private contractor (\$1,500 to \$2,000)

Back to Costs – Full engineering drawing set

- RCE Water Resources Program (\$2,500 to \$5,000)
 - Includes site survey
 - Includes grading plan and landscape design
 - Includes detail sheet
 - Includes soil erosion and sediment control plan (if needed)
 - Signed and sealed by a professional engineer
- Private contractor (\$5,000 to \$10,000)

Back to Costs – Construction Specifications and Bid Documents

- RCE Water Resources Program (\$5,000 to \$10,000)
- Private contractor (\$10,000 to \$20,000)

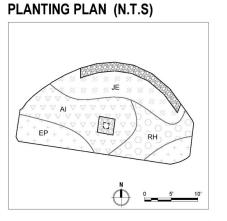
What does it cost to build green infrastructure?

Rain Gardens (\$0.50 to \$25 per square foot)

- Excavation costs
- Soil removal
- Soil replacement
- Underdrain system (piping and stone)
- Mulch (one yard per 100 square feet of garden)
- Plants (big or small)

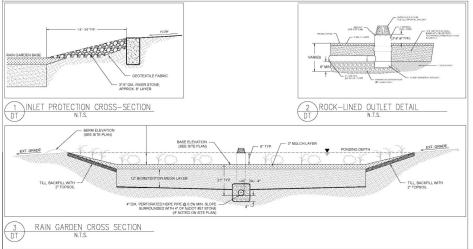
Let's cost it out

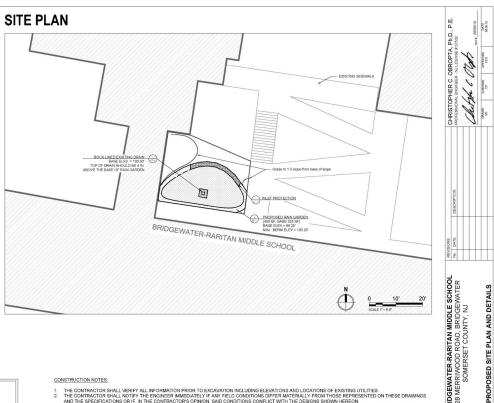
LOCATION MAP (N.T.S)



PLANTING SCHEDULE						
	PLANT SPECIES			QUANTITY	SIZE	
TYPE	KEY	BOTANICAL NAME	COMMON NAME	QUANTIT	SIZE	
		RAIN	BARDEN			
PERENNIALS	AI	Asclepias incarnata	SWAMP MILKWEED	25	1 QUART	
	EP	Echinacea purpurea	PURPLE CONEFLOWER	15	1 QUART	
	JE	Juncus effasus	SOFT RUSH	20	1 QUART	
	RH	Rudbeckia hirta	BLACKEYED SUSANS	15	1 QUART	

DETAILS





CONSTRUCTION NOTES:

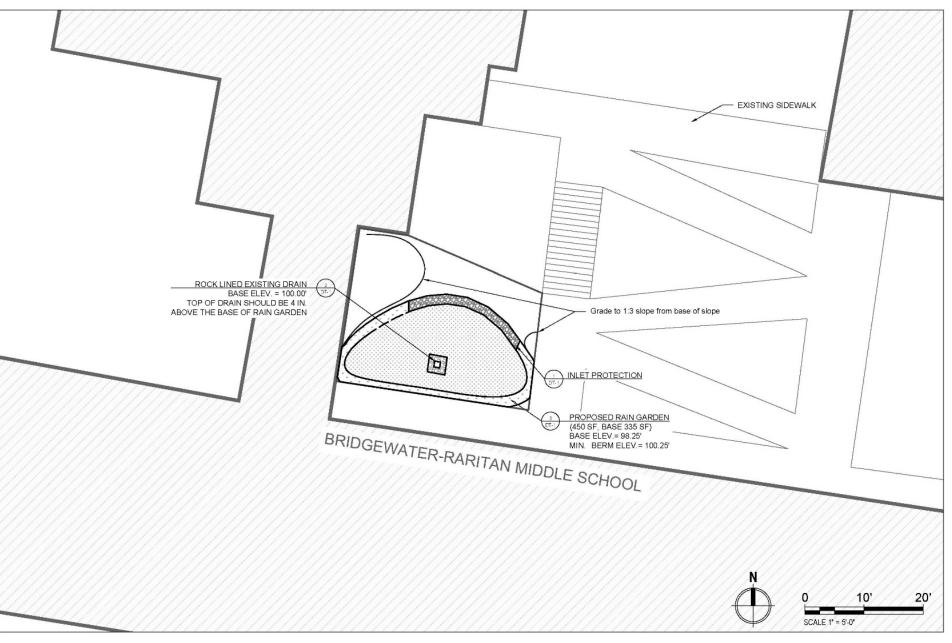
- THE CONTRACTOR SHALL VERIFY ALL INFORMATION PRIOR TO EXCAVATION INCLUDING ELEVATIONS AND LOCATIONS OF EXISTING UTILITIES. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL NOTIFY THE ENGINEER IMMEDIATELY IF ANY FILE DOMITIONS DIFFER MATERIALLY FROM THOSE REPRESENTED ON THESE DRAWINGS AND THE SPECIFICATIONS OR IF, IN THE CONTRACTORS OPHION, SAU DOMITIONS CONFLICT WITH THE DESIGNS SHOWN HEREON THE ENGINEER SHALL INSPECT ALL PLANTING BED AREAS BEFORE MULCHING TO INSURE THAT ADEQUATE DRAINAGE EXISTS. IF ANY AREAS TO BE MULCHED SHOW EVIDENCE OF POOR DRAINAGE, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL TAKE CORRECTIVE ACTION.
- THE CONTRACTOR SHALL AVOID DISTURBING ALL EXISTING TREES. ANY DISTURBANCE TO TREES OR TREE ROOTS MUST BE COORDINATED WITH THE PROPERTY ٨
- OWNER
- UMMERS. DIMENSIONS AND SHAPE WILL VARY, REFER TO SITE PLAN. INVERSIONE PROTECTION DIMENSIONS ARE TYPICAL AND MAY VARY PER SITE. CONSULT THE ENGINEER AND SITE PLAN FOR DIMENSIONS ON A PER SITE BASIS. RIVER STONE PROTECTION SHALL SLOPE TO FANL GARGENE MASE.
- THE CONTRACTOR FOR LIVE TO THE OTHER OF THE OWNER THAN THE BASE ELEVATION SHOWN ON THE SITE PLANS. THE SLOPES OF THE RAIN GARDEN SHALL BE AT A 2.1
- MINIMUM. 10. THE SUBGRADE OF THE RAIN GARDEN SHALL BE LEVEL TO ENSURE PROPER DRAINAGE. CONTRACTOR SHALL OBTAIN ENGINEER APPROVAL PRIOR TO BACKFILLING
- THE DOMENDED IN THE DOMENDED BY THE DELETED IN STREPT AND ADDRESS OF THE DOMENDED OF THE DOMENT ADDRESS OF THE PLANTING
- 13. INLET AND OUTLET PROTECTION SHALL BE UNDERLAIN WITH GEOTEXTILE FABRIC.
- THE CITERATOR SHALL BE UNDERCINATION IN TO SEE TRANSPORT.
 THE CONTRACTOR SHALL TILL THE BERN SECTION AND BACKFILL WITH TOPSOIL.
 ALL DISTURBED AREAS EXCLUSIVE OF RAIN GARDEN AND SLOPED BERM SHALL BE RESTORED TO ORIGINAL CONDITIONS BY CONTRACTOR.
- THE CONTRACTOR SHALL HAVE A PRE-CONSTRUCTION MEETING WITH THE PROJECT ENGINEER PRIOR TO ANY WORK ON SITE 17. ALL ELEVATIONS ARE RELATIVE TO ASSUMED DATUM DRIVEWAY EDGE OF PAVEMENT (100.00).

SPECIFICATIONS:

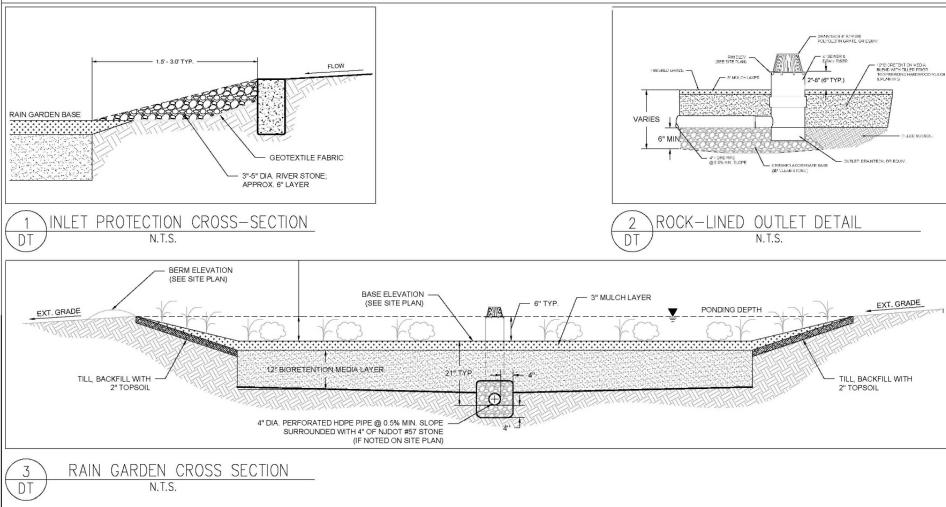
- THE APPROVAL OF MATERIALS AND MIXING OF SAND, COMPOST AND SOLS HALL BE DONE UNDER THE SUPERVISION OF THE PROJECT ENGINEERILANDSCAPE ARCHITECT. BIORETENTION MEDIA SHALL CONSIST OF 70% SAND AND 30% COMPOST MIXTURE SAND SHALL AT THE MINIBUL CONFORM TO THE SERVE ANALYSIS FOR CONCRETE ASARD (ASTM C-33). USGA TEE/GREEN SIEVE GRADATION MIX IS
- 2 PREFERABLE WHERE AVAILABLE
- PRE-EVAGLE WHERE AVAILABLE UNDERLYING SOILS SHALL BE TILLED/SCARIFIED PRIOR TO SPREADINGMIXING OF BIORETENTION MEDIA. ALL BIORETENTON MEDIA SHALL BE PLACED FROM THE SIDES OF THE BUILDING, AND IN NO EVENT SHALL ANY TRACKED OR WHEELED EQUIPMENT BE PERMITTED
- ALL BUCKETENTION MEDIA SPALL BE PLACED FROM THE SIDES OF THE BUILDING, AND T TO CROSS THE RAIN GARDEN. RAIN GARDEN SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED TO DIMENSIONS INDICATED ON THE SITE PLAN.
- 3-5 INCH DELAWARE RIVER STONE SHALL BE USED FOR STONE CHANNEL AND INLETIOUTLET PROTECTION. NON-DYED, TRIFLE-SHREDDED HARDWOOD MULCH SHALL BE USED. PLANTING OF RAIN GARDEN AND SLOPED BERM SHALL BE COMPLETED AS INDICATED ON THE SITE PLAN.

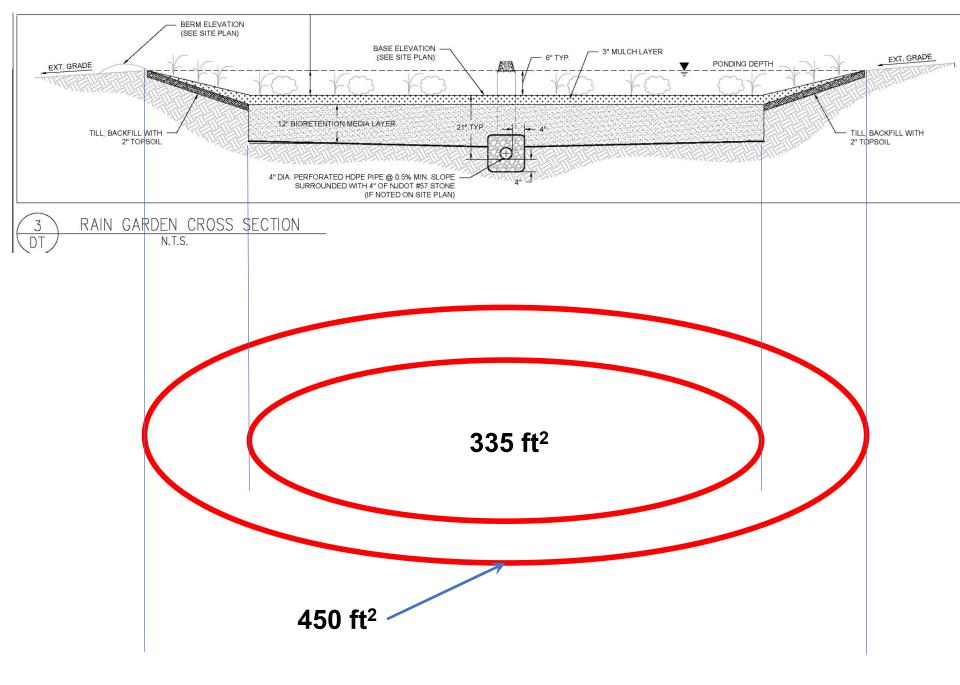
BRIDGEWATER-RARITAN MIDDLE 128 MERRIWOOD ROAD, BRIDGE SOMERSET COUNTY, NJ

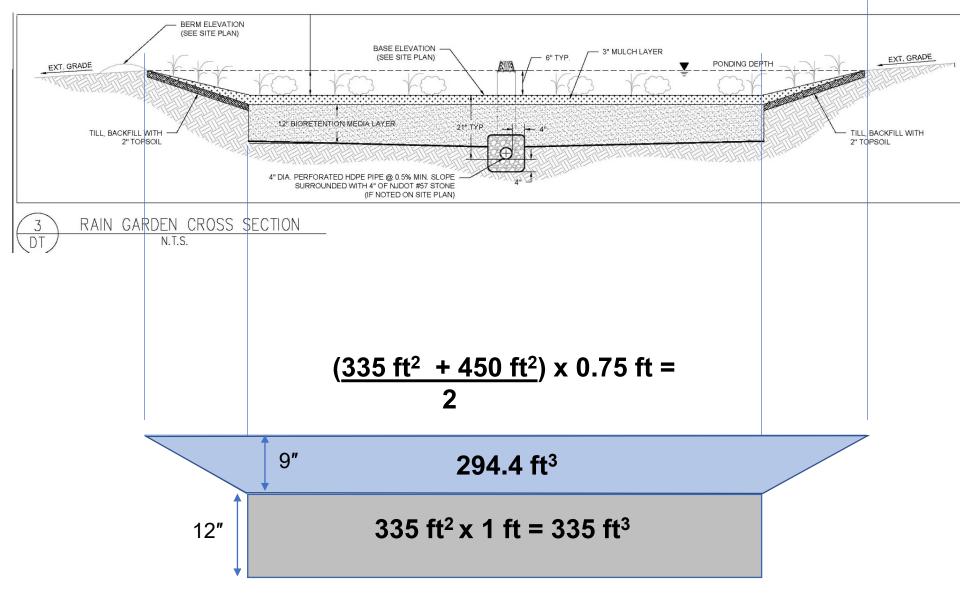
SITE PLAN



DETAILS







Converting volume to be excavated and volume of soil needed

 $335 \text{ ft}^3 \text{ x } \underline{1 \text{ cubic yard}}_{27 \text{ ft}^3} = 12.4 \text{ cubic yards}$

 $294 \text{ ft}^3 \times \frac{1 \text{ cubic yard}}{27 \text{ ft}^3} = 10.9 \text{ cubic yards}$

<u>Notes:</u>

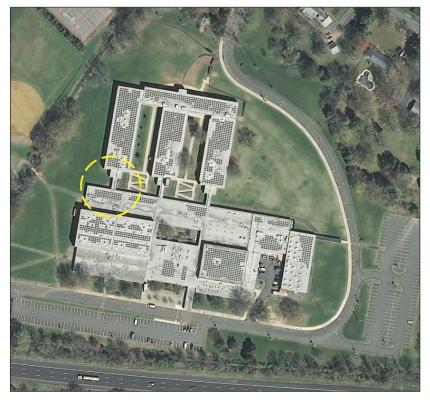
1 cubic yard $(yd^3) = 27$ cubic feet (ft^3) cubic yard = CY = yd^3 cubic foot = CF = ft^3

One Rain Garden – 450 square feet

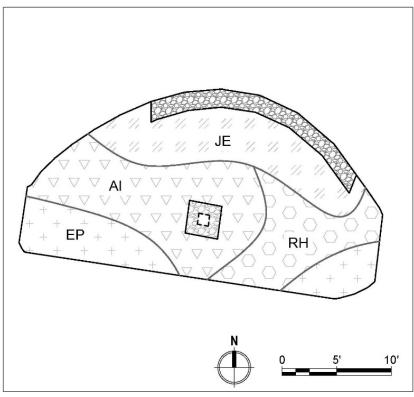
- Soil Excavation 23.3 cubic yards at \$30 to \$50/cubic yard = \$699 to \$1,165
- Soil Replacement 335 square feet at 1 foot deep = 335 cubic feet = 12.4 cubic yards = \$35 per yard = \$434
- Inlet = Home Depot = \$35
- 20 feet of underdrain piping \$1 per foot = \$20
- Stone for underdrain piping 1 cubic foot per 1 foot of pipe = 20 cubic feet = 0.75 cubic yards = \$35
- Mulch = 1 cubic yard per 100 square feet = 4.5 cubic yards = \$30 per cubic yard = \$135

Total = \$1,358 to \$1,824 plus plants

LOCATION MAP (N.T.S)



PLANTING PLAN (N.T.S)



PLANTING SCHEDULE						
	PLANT SPECIES				SIZE	
TYPE	KEY	BOTANICAL NAME	COMMON NAME	QUANTITY	SIZE	
		RAING	BARDEN			
PERENNIALS	AI	Asclepias incarnata	SWAMP MILKWEED	25	1 QUART	
	EP	Echinacea purpurea	PURPLE CONEFLOWER	15	1 QUART	
	JE	Juncus effasus	SOFT RUSH	20	1 QUART	
	RH	Rudbeckia hirta	BLACKEYED SUSANS	15	1 QUART	

Plants for One Rain Garden – 450 square feet

Swamp milkweed Purple coneflower Soft rush **Black-eyed Susan's** Total

quarts 25 quarts 15 quarts 20 quarts 15 75

\$3 \$ 75 \$3 \$ 45 \$3 \$3

\$ 60 \$ 45 \$225

Grand Total = \$1,583 to \$2,049

Notes:

- 3-gallon container = \$12 to \$30/each
- 1-gallon container = \$8 to \$15/each
- 1-quart container = \$3 to \$6/each
- 2-inch plugs

\$1 to \$2/each =

Cutting costs . . .

Grand Total = \$1,583 to \$2,049

If you get somebody to volunteer to excavate, the cost becomes \$884.

If you used 2" plugs instead of quarts, \$75 instead of \$225. Cost becomes \$734.

If the soil is okay and you don't have to replace it, cost would be further reduced by \$434. Total cost = \$300.

Cost of a Cistern

- Two to three dollars per gallon installed
- 2,500-gallon cistern costs \$5,000 to \$7,500
- Plus optional maintenance contract

Cost of Porous Asphalt

- Depends on depth of stone
- Each foot of stone can hold 4.8 inches of water
- \$10 to \$25 per square foot
- Big expense is removal of existing asphalt and underlying soil and properly disposing of this material

<u>Notes</u>:

- 6" stone reservoir = \$ 8/square foot
- 12" stone reservoir = \$ 11/square foot
- 24" stone reservoir = \$ 15/square foot
- 36" stone reservoir = \$ 20/square foot

Grant/Funding Opportunities

- Sustainable Jersey (\$2K, \$10K and \$20K)
- ANJEC (Association of NJ Environmental Commissions)
- NJDEP (New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection)
- NJ American Waters
- Home and School Associations

Who should I partner with at the local level?

- RCE Environmental County Agents
- Municipal Department of Public Works
- Municipal Department of Parks and Recreation
- Municipal Green Teams (Sustainable Jersey)
- Green Teams for Schools (Sustainable Jersey)
- Environmental Commissions
- Boy Scouts and Girl Scouts
- Kiwanis Club
- Rotary Club
- Schools
- House of Worship
- AmeriCorps Watershed Ambassadors
- RCE Environmental Stewards
- RCE Master Gardeners

Who should I partner with at the state level?

- The Nature Conservancy
- Association of NJ Environmental Commissions
- Trust for Public Lands
- New Jersey Tree Foundation
- New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection





















BE A CONNECTOR, MAVEN, OR SALESMAN! From the "Tipping Point" by Malcolm Gladwell

- Connectors are people specialists.
- Mavens are information specialists.
- Salesmen are charismatic.



Grant Writing – The Most Important Thing:

CAREFULLY READ THE REQUEST FOR PROPOSALS (RFP)

Sample Requirement of RFPs "Format"

- Most RFPs provide a format for the proposal including maximum number of pages (font size and margins)
- Most require forms to be completed such as application sheet and budget table
- Most require resumes of the people who will be working on the project
- Mapping of area being studied

Short Clear Titles

- Green Infrastructure Planning and Implementation for Caldwell New Jersey
- Rain Garden Rebate Program for Somerset County
- Detention Basin Retrofits for Hamilton Township

Grant Abstract

- Stay within the word limit (250 words max)
- Inform readers about the problem to be addressed
- Inform readers about the general approach to be taken to address problem
- Discuss anticipated results
- Abstracts are often used as a screening tool by the reviewers

Priority Issues

- Most RFPs identify "priority issues"
- Focus on addressing one of the issues
- Briefly describe how your proposal helps contribute to the understanding and/or solution of the issue
- Include a brief literature review that places the proposed research in its scientific context

Eligibility Requirements

- Eligible Entities most proposal list entities that can apply for the funding (e.g., universities, consultants, etc.)
- Eligible Entity Capabilities must provide a description of how you are qualified to do the work
- Project Eligibility Requirements most proposals list the projects that are eligible for funding
- Ineligible Activities most proposals list the projects that are not eligible for funding

Goals

The goal statement(s) must identify the desired outcome(s) related to the identified problem or need and be stated in terms of results to be accomplished.

Example of Proposal Goals

The goals of this project are:

- to reduce pollutant loads to the Raritan River and its tributaries
- to reduce flooding in the Raritan River Watershed
- to enhance the resilience of the municipalities within the Raritan River Basin study area by implementing green infrastructure practices that have been identified in impervious cover assessments (ICAs) and reduction action plans (RAPs)

Objectives . . .

Describe the outcomes in a measurable way, specify the results to be achieved or criteria by which results will be measured (e.g., 25% reduction in phosphorus loading to the Muddy River), and the time frame for achieving the objective.

Example of Proposal Objectives

Objective 1: Prepare engineering designs for green infrastructure practices

 Impervious cover reduction action plans have been developed for the 54 municipalities. Each of these plans contain recommendations for green infrastructure practices at 20 to 40 sites. Ten green infrastructure designs will be completed within the first year of the project.



are concise statements of activities that need to take place to achieve the stated objectives.

Tasks should:

- describe the specific action that will be taken to achieve the project goals and objectives
- have a designated responsible party
- have a specified timeframe to accomplish the action

Example of Proposal Tasks

Task 1: Create preliminary engineering designs

• The RCE Water Resources Program will prepare preliminary engineering designs for the projects that are prioritized by municipalities. These designs will be provided to NJDEP for their review prior to completing final designs.

Deliverable: Preliminary engineering designs for NJDEP's approval

Task 2: Create final engineering designs

 The RCE Water Resources Program will prepare final engineering designs for the projects that are approved by NJDEP. These designs will include construction specifications and schedules so the project can be built.

Deliverable: Final engineering designs that are ready for construction

Example of Task Table

Objective 1: Prepare engineering designs for green infrastructure practices

TASK	Responsible Party	Timeframe	Anticipated Start Month	Project Deliverable	Anticipated Completion Month
1	Rutgers	12 Months	1	Preliminary designs for green infrastructure projects for NJDEP's approval	12
2	Rutgers	18 Months	6	Final designs for green infrastructure projects	24

Budget

- Salary and fringe benefits
- Project supplies
- Equipment supplies
- Subcontractors/consultants
- Travel
- Publication costs
- Tuition and stipend for graduate students, and
- DON'T FORGET THE OVERHEAD

Bottom Line: Are Your Goals and **Objectives Achievable and Measurable?**

More Tips

- A good idea is nothing without a good leader and visa-aversa
- Get the right project partners, and make sure they are all engaged
- If possible, have proof of concept
- If you have never received a grant before, you might want to team up with someone who has
- Make sure you read the Request for Proposals (RFP) or Request for Application (RFA) and address all the requirements
- Look at who and what was funded last year

Final Tips

- Get to know the grant funders go to meetings, conferences, and other events – be strategic
- If you have questions on the RFP or RFA, call granting agency officer and ask them
- If a match is desired but not required, provide one
- Don't be afraid to piggyback grants together to fund a project
- Don't waste too much of your time on the long-shots but also don't be afraid to shoot for the stars – you might get lucky and hit it big

RESOURCES FOR YOU!

RUTGERS New Jersey Agricultural Experiment Station

Water Resources Program

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Our green infrastructure initiative in urban centers focuses on capturing stormwater with cost-effective practices before it enters the combined sewer systems.

....

ABOUT US

Rutgers Cooperative Extension Water Resources Program

G.H. Cook Campus 14 College Farm Road New Brunswick, NJ 08901

www.water.rutgers.edu

~Creating Solutions for Water Resources Issues in New Jersey~

Our mission is to identify and address water resources issues by engaging and empowering communities to employ practical science-based solutions to help create a more equitable and sustainable New Jersey.

News

CALENDAR OF UPCOMING EVENTS

- In the News January 20, 2021
- SEBS/NJAES Newsroom
- Registration is open for the 2021 Green Infrastructure Champions Program! Check it out! The next session is scheduled for January 29th!

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Kee	Green Infrastructure Program	Rain Gardens & Rain Barrels
	Keep the Rain from the Drain ~ Impervious Cover Reduction Program	Watershed Planning 8 Implementation
	Municipal Stormwater Management	Implementation

Agricultural Watershed Planning & Implementation

- · Watershed Restoration & Protection Plan for Assiscunk Creek, Burlington County, NJ
- Assiscunk Creek Watershed Agricultural Mini-Grant Program
- Biofilter Wetland at Harrow Run, Water Quality Evaluation of Pollutant Removal Efficiency from a Tailwater Recovery System
- · Watershed Restoration Plan for the Upper Cohansey River Watershed
- Upper Cohansey River Watershed Agricultural Mini-Grant Program
- · Watershed Restoration Plan for the Upper Salem River Watershed
- · Upper Salem River Watershed Agricultural Mini-Grant Program

Green Infrastructure Program

- · Camden Green Infrastructure Initiative
- Fixing Flooding: One Community at a Time Innovative Solutions using Green Infrastructure Conference
- · Green Infrastructure Education and Implementation Program
- · Green Infrastructure Guidance Manual for New Jersey
- Green Infrastructure Solutions for New Jersey Conference

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Keep the Rain from the Drain ~ Impervious Cover Reduction Program

- Green Infrastructure Planning and Implementation for Caldwell, NJ
- Impervious Cover Assessment and Impervious Cover Reduction Action Plan for Frenchtown
- Impervious Cover Assessment and Impervious Cover Reduction Action Plan for Monroe Township, Gloucester County
- Impervious Cover Assessment and Impervious Cover Reduction Action Plan for Red Bank
- Impervious Cover Assessment and Impervious Cover Reduction Action Plan for Winslow Township, Camden County
- Impervious Cover Assessment and Impervious Cover Reduction Action Plan for Westfield, Union County
- Impervious Cover Assessments and Impervious Cover Reduction Action Plans for Coastal Communities
- National Fish and Wildlife Foundation ~ Incorporating Green Infrastructure Resiliency in the Raritan River Basin
- Impervious Cover Assessments, Impervious Cover Reduction Action Plans, and Green Infrastructure Reduction Action Plans for New Jersey Future's Mainstreaming Green Infrastructure Program
- Regional Stormwater Management Planning for the Highlands Portion of Watershed Management Area 8 -North and South Branch Raritan
- Salem County and Cumberland County, NJ ~ Impervious Cover Assessments and Impervious Cover Reduction Action Plans
- William Penn Foundation Technical Support Program for Municipalities and Watershed Partners
- William Penn Foundation Delaware River Watershed Initiative Phase 2

HUNTERDON COUNTY		NEW JERSEY HIG	NEW JERSEY HIGHLANDS WATERSHED CLUSTER	
Delaware Twp	Franklin Twp	Alpha	Lopatcong	
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QUESTIONS?